# **BUY & BILL BASICS:**

# SIMPLIFYING THE PROCESS OF GETTING PATIENTS ON ZILRETTA

As a provider-administered product, ZILRETTA is covered by most health plans as a medical benefit. However, coverage varies from patient to patient and plan to plan, so there are slightly different requirements and steps along the way.

# **CONFIRM PATIENT'S COVERAGE Commercial and Medicare Part C** (Advantage) Medicare Part B Fee-for-Service (FFS) -Most common, Buy & Bill is required — Very common, may also offer an option for **Specialty Pharmacy** ZILRETTA has open access No restrictions at the local level ZILRETTA access is strong No prior authorization (PA) required Specific coverage, authorizations, and fees vary • Patient is eligible for treatment immediately • FlexForward® can offer a range of support and • Code and bill (J3304) assistance: - Determine coverage - Verify benefits MEDICARE HEALTH INSURANCE - Assist with preauthorization where needed Flex**Forward ORDER ZILRETTA** The practice orders the product from suppliers. Scan the QR code on the back or visit ZilrettaPro.com/buyandbill to see the full list of distributors **SCHEDULE THE TREATMENT** Once benefits are confirmed, payer requirements are met, and ZILRETTA has been ordered, schedule an appointment for your patient's treatment **TREATMENT** On the day of the treatment, collect co-pay or co-insurance from the patient. Document the treatment and prepare the documentation to provide to the payer **SUBMIT THE CLAIM** Complete claim forms with appropriate documentation and submit. Keep in mind, clean claims can help streamline processing and payment RECONCILE YOUR REIMBURSEMENT Upon receipt of remittance, ensure that it is in line with expectations. If the claim is denied, or paid in 6 part, review the Buy & Bill process and make sure it was submitted properly. If you believe the claim was improperly denied, FlexForward can assist with a review of the documentation





### PACIRA IS HERE TO HELP YOU AND YOUR PATIENTS

Scan this QR code or visit ZilrettaPro.com/buyandbill for access to a full distributor list and more detailed information on the Buy & Bill process for ZILRETTA



## INDICATION AND IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

#### Indication

ZILRETTA® (triamcinolone acetonide extended-release injectable suspension) is indicated as an intra-articular injection for the management of osteoarthritis pain of the knee.

Limitation of Use: The efficacy and safety of repeat administration of ZILRETTA have not been demonstrated.

### **Contraindication**

ZILRETTA is contraindicated in patients who are hypersensitive to triamcinolone acetonide, corticosteroids, or any components of the product.

#### **Warnings and Precautions**

- Intra-articular Use Only: ZILRETTA has not been evaluated and should not be administered by epidural, intrathecal, intravenous, intraocular, intramuscular, intradermal, or subcutaneous routes. Serious events have been reported with epidural and intrathecal administration of corticosteroids and none are approved for this use. ZILRETTA should not be considered safe for epidural or intrathecal administration.
- **Hypersensitivity Reactions:** Rare instances of anaphylaxis, including serious cases, have occurred in patients with hypersensitivity to corticosteroids.
- Joint Infection and Damage: A marked increase in pain accompanied by local swelling, restriction of joint motion, fever, and malaise
  are suggestive of septic arthritis. Examine joint fluid to exclude a septic process. If diagnosis is confirmed, institute appropriate
  antimicrobial therapy. Avoid injecting corticosteroids into a previously infected or unstable joint. Intra-articular administration may
  result in damage to joint tissues.
- Increased Risk of Infections: Infection with any pathogen in any location of the body may be associated with corticosteroid use. Corticosteroids may increase the susceptibility to new infection and decrease resistance and the ability to localize infection.
- Alterations in Endocrine Function: Corticosteroids can produce reversible hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal axis suppression, with
  potential for adrenal insufficiency after withdrawal of treatment, which may persist for months. In situations of stress during that
  period, institute corticosteroid replacement therapy.
- Cardiovascular and Renal Effects: Corticosteroids can cause blood pressure elevation, salt and water retention, and increased
  potassium excretion. Monitor patients with congestive heart failure, hypertension, and renal insufficiency for edema, weight gain,
  and electrolyte imbalance. Dietary salt restriction and potassium supplementation may be needed.
- Increased Intraocular Pressure: Corticosteroid use may be associated with increased intraocular pressure. Monitor patients with elevated intraocular pressure for potential treatment adjustment.
- **Gastrointestinal Perforation:** Corticosteroid administration may increase risk of gastrointestinal perforation in patients with certain GI disorders and fresh intestinal anastomoses. Avoid corticosteroids in these patients.
- Alterations in Bone Density: Corticosteroids decrease bone formation and increase bone resorption. Special consideration should be given to patients with or at increased risk of osteoporosis prior to treatment.
- Behavior and Mood Disturbances: Corticosteroids may cause adverse psychiatric reactions. Prior to treatment, special
  consideration should be given to patients with previous or current emotional instability or psychiatric illness. Advise patients to
  immediately report any behavior or mood disturbances.

#### **Adverse Reactions**

The most commonly reported adverse reactions (incidence ≥1%) in clinical studies included sinusitis, cough, and contusions.

Please see full Prescribing Information at www.ZILRETTALabel.com/Pl.pdf.

For more information, please visit www.ZilrettaPro.com or call 1-855-793-9727.

